

The Reno Gazette
Has the best Eastern and
Coast Telegraph Report
of any paper between
San Francisco and
Salt Lake.

Reno Evening Gazette.

The Daily Gazette
Is the only paper in the State
that gives its readers full
telegraphic news.

VOL. XXX.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1891.

NO 140

ITALIANS ENRAGED.

Italian Press on Law
in Louisiana.

LONDON PRESS ON LYNCH LAW.

Signor Ferrais Demands
Indemnity.

Di Rudini Explains the Presi-
dents Position.

London Press on Lynch Law.
By Cable and Associated Press.]
London, March 16.—The Star this evening is of the opinion that the "Impressive feature of the New Orleans affair was the perfect orderliness maintained throughout the proceedings. Here the champions of law and order stand aghast at such proceedings. American democracy has sounder notions as to what law and order really mean."

Moreton Frewen, son-in-law of late Leonard Jerome, has written a letter which is published in the *Pall Mall Gazette* to-day denouncing the action of the citizens of New Orleans as the "straightening out of the Italian question once for all," and he adds "leaves old women of both sexes to moralize over the so-called excesses of a blood stained populace, etc." Moreton Frewen also commends the action "of the men of Louisiana who are not spoiled by the spirit of submission to the letter of the law which has done so much to emasculate the human race."

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in reply, generally criticizes Moreton Frewen's letter, but holds the English people ought not to hold up their hands in righteous horror, adding "One branch of the Anglo-Saxon race does not differ from another in this matter. Citizens of New Orleans, finding that a jury did not do its duty, said we must by one hand or by another put crime down."

The *St. James Gazette* referring to the same subject says the incident shows in nature the Americans have not lost that quality of stern resolution which is sometimes dissolved by a life of comfort and luxury in modern society. The men who organized this defiance of formal justice are not ashamed of what they have done. They have defeated the society of foreign ruffians who were trying to terrorize the whole city. It is doubtful if "John Bull" has enough grit left in him to protest in as emphatic a manner as the citizens of New Orleans have protested.

Indemnity Demanded.
By Cable and Associated Press.]

Rome, March 16.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Marquis Di-Rudini, the Italian Premier, replying to the question in regard to the New Orleans tragedy, said President Harrison had recognized the right of Italians in the United States to protection by the authorities, and that he had expressed profound regret at the occurrence and had charged the Governor of Louisiana to guard Italian residents of New Orleans, and to bring the assassins to justice. The Premier added, A. G. Porter, the United States Minister here, had called upon him to-day in order to convey the President's regrets to the Italian Government. Porter said he trusted the explanations he had furnished would draw even closer the friendly relations existing between Italy and the United States. Signor Ferrais urged indemnities should be demanded for the families of the victims.

Italian Press Opinions.
By Cable and Associated Press.]

Rome, March 16.—The *Papolo Romano*, referring to the New Orleans tragedy, says: "Relying on the foresight of the American authorities, and out of regard for that sincerely friendly power, Italy has refrained from sending an ironclad to the mouth of the Mississippi."

Rome, March 16.—The papers here make the following comments on the New Orleans tragedy. The *Capitan Fraccesca* says: "The weak in America at the mercy of a ferocious and bloody populace, tortured and murdered in daylight."

The *Don Chisope Della Marcia* remarks: "Italy ought to demand that measures be taken to protect the Italian Colony in New Orleans," adding "However, it is just also to recognize the fact that a similar incident wouldn't occur in towns on the Atlantic littoral if it were not infested with ex-galley slaves of Europe."

An Old Governor Dying.
By Associated Press.]

Albion, (N. Y.), March 16.—Ex-Governor Lucius Robinson is lying dangerously ill at his home in this city. He is in his 81st year.

More Mafia Matters.

By Associated Press.]
NEW ORLEANS, (La.), March 16.—In Father Manaria's statement yesterday he said he was sure the letter received was from the Provenzano faction of the Mafia. This statement Joseph Provenzano this morning emphatically denied. He said his first impulse was to have Father Manaria arrested, and he consulted Chief Gasparin regarding the matter and was advised to make a public statement concerning the matter, as he thought it would do more good. Provenzano says he has not been connected with the Mafia in any manner. On the contrary he has been an object of their enmity. "About five years ago," says Proverzano, "Mafias sent me several letters threatening to kill myself and brothers unless we gave the society \$1000. We didn't respond, and Jim Caruso shortly afterward came to me and said he belonged to the society and that we better pay the money. He said I could do so by going to Old Lake and bandaging my head in a red handkerchief and leaving the money on a stump in the swamp near by, I then to go about my business and they to get the money. I then went to some of my friends, Jung Davy, Pat Meally and Ralph Morgan being among the number, and they said not to pay it, that they would go with me in a wagon and see who was there to receive it. Jim Caruso who was along said this would not do, if you go with a crowd no one will appear. I then dropped the matter and told Caruso to have nothing more to do with the society, to give up his fruit stand in the French market and come on the levee and we would make him a free man. He said he would do so, as he was tired of the Mafia, having recently been selected on the committee, to kill some one."

Indignation in Italy.

By Associated Press.]
Boston, March 16.—A London cable to the *Boston Herald*, dated to-day, says: A dispatch from Rome states the news of the massacre of the Italian prisoners at New Orleans did not become generally known in that city until this morning. It created a profound sensation and cables have been passing between the Cabinet and the Italian Minister at Washington. The general feeling is one of utmost indignation and thirst for reprisals in some form. An English visitor, mistaken for an American, had a narrow escape from being mobbed. It is expected the subject will be brought up in the Chamber of Deputies. In talk on the streets and in public places strong protests were uttered against any representation of Italy at the coming American exhibition.

Count Rasponi of the Italian legation in Paris expressed himself to-day in very strong terms on what he called the cruel massacre of his countrymen. He said Italy could not afford to let such an outrage on humanity go without redress, and that it was a stain on the American people that could never be effaced. He added that in his own personal opinion it ended all prospect of Italy taking part in the Chicago exposition.

To Test the McKinley Act.
By Associated Press.]
WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Supreme Court to-day advanced the cases of Boyd, Sutton & Co. and Sternback & Co. of New York against the United States, and of Marshall, Field & Co. against the collector of customs in Chicago, and assigned them for argument on the second Monday of next term, but with leave to submit them by printed briefs before the first Monday of April, if that be preferred. These are suits brought to test the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff law.

Quiet in New Orleans.
By Associated Press.]
NEW ORLEANS, March 16.—Things have quieted down here now. A telegram from Secretary Blaine was sent direct to Governor Nichols, and was referred by him to Attorney-General Rogers. Whether a reply is yet sent is not known. The Attorney-General is making an investigation of Saturday's proceedings.

MORGAN MILL REPAIRS.
By Associated Press.]
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The prison officials say they recognized some persons inside the prison, and it is understood that their names have been forwarded to the Attorney-General. Some indictments may follow as a formality, but so great a number of people were concerned in the killing that it will be impossible to arraign them all or to secure a conviction in case they should be arrested.

The Italian Consul says a full report of the proceedings was transmitted to the Legation at Washington and all further action will be taken through the Legation.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Secretary Blaine this afternoon received a telegram from Governor Nichols of Louisiana saying that all was quiet at New Orleans and that he would reply to the Secretary's telegram by letter.

Regrets of the Italian Consul.
By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, March 16.—General Rival, Italian Consul of this city, declined to be interviewed concerning the trouble at New Orleans. He, however, announced through the Vice-Consul that as a representative of the Italian government, he greatly regretted the unfortunate occurrence.

NEVADA LEGISLATURE.

The Bill by Which the Railroad
Bill Passed to be Reconsidered
To-morrow.

FIFTY-SEVENTH DAY.

CARSON, March 16.—Bell introduced a bill providing for the apportionment of the assessment of such live stock as is being grazed and fed in more than one county and owned by one party.

By Shirley, providing for the consolidating of certain offices in Lyon county.

By Emery, regulating and making effectual the power of the Governor, Attorney-General and Justices of the Supreme Court.

The Senate substitute bill No. 88, to encourage the building of a railroad through the State, was under consideration and finally passed by a vote of 33 to 7. Those dissenting were Bell, George, Johnson, McKay, Tremblay, Wagner and Weigh. The vote will be reconsidered to-morrow.

SENATE.

Sprout introduced a bill providing for the taking of the school census in January.

Forbes one relating to education and Sprout another relative to educational qualification of electors.

The Governor has signed the following bills:

The stallion bill; punishing of parties for allowing the brands of live stock;

encouraging the development of the mineral resources and the one providing for the supervision of public schools.

ITALIANS OF NEW YORK.

By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, March 16.—The Italians of this city are very much excited over the New Orleans tragedy. One of the most prominent among them said: "The Italians look at the matter in this light. Their countrymen were tried by a jury in an American court; an American jury brought in a verdict of not guilty. The American people do not stand by the laws of their own country, but take justice in their own hands and murder these men. I know it is safe to say that no New York Italian believes there is any such secret society as the Mafia. They condemn it as much as any native-born Americans. We simply intend to make an earnest protest against the wholesale butchery of our countrymen. No body of Italians has ever committed such crimes."

No Habeas Corpus for a Wife.
By Cable and Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Her Majesty's High Court of Justice to-day refused to draft a writ of habeas corpus to compel E. H. Jackson of Clitheroe to produce his wife in court. The court held that if a woman is ill-treated she had a remedy in an application for protection, which she could make before a magistrate.

Jackson, it will be remembered, on March 8th abducted his wife, a wealthy lady, in her own right, as she was leaving church at Clitheroe, near Manchester, taking her to a house at Blackburn, where he withheld a seige by a mob headed by some of Mrs. Jackson's relatives, who were opposed to her husband's actions.

Assistant Secretary Saly, who is now acting as Secretary of the Navy, said this morning that a court inquiry will be appointed to investigate all the circumstances attending the accidents to the vessels, with a view of placing the responsibility therefor and determining the necessity for a general court martial.

Court Martial the Careless.
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—A number of telegrams were received at the Navy Department to-day in regard to the United States steamship Galena and the tugs Nina and Triana. The Nina is entirely out of water, but it is only slightly damaged, and it is thought she can be saved and that the Galena may be floated. A dispatch from Lieutenant Lyon, in command of the Triana, states his vessel can be saved if proper means are promptly employed. The officers and crew were still on the vessel when this telegram was sent.

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A Flood in Louisiana.
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—A cablegram was received by the Department of State this morning from Lieutenant Scirén, United States Army Special Commissioner to the Central American Commission, in the interest of the World's Colombian Exposition, in which he states the government of Guatemala accepts the invitation to participate in the exposition and has given assurances of hearty co-operation. The Republic will be represented at the exposition by a complete display, showing its resources, products and industries and also present for exhibition articles of great historical interest and value.

Guatemala Coming.
By Associated Press.]

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Reciprocity Rumors.
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, (D. C.), March 16.—The Department of State is informed by rumors that the Brazilian government does not intend to carry out the recent reciprocity agreement with the United States, but it is discredited by the action of the authorities at Rio Janeiro, in issuing instructions to officials throughout the country, concerning the free admission of merchandise from the United States.

Wrecks at Cutty Hunk.
By Associated Press.]

NEW BEDFORD (Mass.), March 16.—Two revenue cutters arrived here this morning with the officers and crew of the Triana, wrecked on Cutty Hunk. The officers of these boats think the Triana, Galena and Nina are doomed to be broken up, as heavy seas are now washing over them.

Miners on Trial.
By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The case of Charles E. Kincaid, charged with the murder of ex-Congressman Tammie of Kentucky, was called in the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia this morning. A recess was taken until two o'clock this afternoon.

The Vivian mill is also being put in new battery throughout to be put in, and the mill will be materially altered.

The *Enterprise* understands that a new battery throughout is to be put in, and the mill will be materially altered.

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TREASON IN TORONTO.

Regiments to Repress Annexation.

RECIPROCITY IS RIPENING.

The Government Wrecks At Cutty Hunk.

Call For A Court Martial of the Careless.

Treason in Toronto.

By Associated Press.]

TORONTO, March 16.—It is understood the Government is considering what it should do with such men as Edward Farrar. A firm of Toronto solicitors have been at work investigating his conduct, and some weeks ago told the Government he came well within the law relating to high treason. As the law now is they said there would be no difficulty in securing his conviction on high treason.

Whether the Government will go this far is yet to be decided. The *Report* says if the authorities do move they will probably move against some others who are members of Parliament.

Any punishment that may be meted out to them will be of the nature of banishment rather than confinement. Also the Government is being urged to ask Lord Salisbury to station in Canada from five to ten British regiments, quartering them in Halifax, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver. It is argued the presence of these regiments in Canada would do more to put down annexationists and put a check to their conspiracy than anything else could do.

An adjournment was then taken till to-morrow.

Reciprocity Popular.

By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Committees representing Boston Boot and Shoe Club and New England Shoe and Leather Association waited on the President and Secretary Blaine this morning and presented a series of resolutions recently adopted by those organizations, endorsing the administration reciprocity policy and urging its extension to their own industry. Secretary Blaine informed the committee he would do all he could to see their interests were not overlooked when proposed treaties were formulated.

The Hennepin Assassination.

By Associated Press.]

NEW ORLEANS, Mar. 16.—The District Attorney has entered a *nolle prosser* as to all the indictments pending in Section B of the Criminal Court against the Italians implicated in the Hennepin assassination. This releases Charles Mastranga, Incardona and the Marchesi boy.

The indictments in Section A still hold Sunzler, Patorino, John Causo, Natale and Pietro.

Disaster at an Arsenal.

By Cable and Associated Press.]

CAIRO, March 16.—A terrible disaster occurred to-day at the arsenal of Omdurman. It appears about one hundred derbishes were killed by an explosion there, which destroyed immense stores and ammunition and shattered the arsenal building and everything in the immediate neighborhood.

Officer Killed.

By Associated Press.]

HOUSTON (Tex.), March 16.—While Officer James Flinn was attempting to arrest two negroes in a dance-house last night, he was shot and instantly killed, and a by-stander named Frank Michaels was mortally wounded.

A Flood in Louisiana.

By Associated Press.]

NEW ORLEANS, March 16.—A crevasse occurred this morning in the levee at United States Senator Whit's plantation. The break is sixty feet wide.

Judge Brady Dead.

By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, March 16.—Judge John Brady of the Supreme Court is dead. He was stricken with paralysis last night and died this morning.

TELEGRAPHIC

Reno Evening Gazette

Published every evening except Sunday.

A. C. BRAGG. A. O. PORTER, Proprietors.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Daily, one square for one month..... \$2 50
Weekly, one square for one month..... \$6 00
Daily, one year (by mail)..... 2 00
Daily, delivered by carrier to any part of Reno (per week)..... 25

Monday..... March 16, 1891

THE Senate has done at least one good act this winter in the passage of the bill to encourage the building of another railroad across the State, the full text of which is published in to-day's GAZETTE. The discrimination that has been practiced against Nevada in the way of freight and fares has done more to retard immigration and keep us in the background than any other one cause. The GAZETTE has always contended that competition was the only remedy and Nevada's hope. Competition will do more to bring this State to the front than anything else, for it will make the State a "competitive point," besides giving us additional railroad facilities. The Southern Pacific Company have always pursued a narrow minded policy towards Nevada, and seemed to take and undue advantage of the "Great American desert" question in order to shut out competition. It is only recently that they have softened their policy towards Nevada. The mining companies and railroad have raked in every spare dollar the people have earned, and if we can get another road across the State by subsidizing it to the extent of three thousand dollars per mile, payable out of the monies the company so organized shall pay in taxes, it will be the best thing for the State that could possibly happen. There can be no question but what the bill will pass the lower house and receive the signature of the Governor, and is certainly worth trying.

THE boodle Legislature of California are wiggling around trying to untie the Senatorial sack, but the people are watching their actions too closely for them to be as brazen-faced about it as they have been heretofore. The Bruener business has caused them to "look a little out." They will, however, manage to get a plum or two out of the pie before it is all gone. They are serving now without compensation and are obliged to look for boodle or quit. In all probability they will elect a Senator to-morrow, when they will have to go home for the want of something better to do.

THE action of Congress in setting aside a large portion of the mountainous region surrounding Yosemite Falls for a national park has caused a great amount of comment and uneasiness among the stockmen of the San Joaquin Valley and neighboring foothills. The Yosemite National Park Reservation comprises more than 950,000 acres of land, a large portion of which has been utilized by stockmen, free of cost to them, as summer ranges for their sheep and cattle. These men will now be compelled to hunt up other summer ranges or retire from the business.

A MUSICAL SPIDER.

How He Was Mystified and Pleased by a Tuning Fork.

A gentleman in California has been trying experiments with a spider, and he seems to think that the spider enjoys certain sounds even after he finds they are not caused by the buzzing of a fly caught in the web. This is what a San Francisco paper says about it: "A gentleman was watching some spiders when it occurred to him to try what effect the sound of a tuning fork would have upon them. He suspected they would take it for the buzzing of a fly. He selected a large, ugly spider which had been feasting on flies for two months. The spider was at one edge of its web. Sounding the fork the man touched a thread at the other side and watched the result.

"Mr. Spider had the buzzing sound conveyed to him over the telephone wires, but how was he to know on which particular wire it was traveling? He ran to the center of the web very quickly and felt all around until he touched the thread against the other end of which the fork was sounding, then, taking another thread along, just as a man would take an extra piece of rope, he ran out to the fork and sprang upon it. Then he retreated a little way and looked at the fork. He was puzzled. He had expected to find a buzzing fly. He got on the fork again and danced with delight. Evidently the sound was music to him."

Hold on to His Wheats.

An eccentric old bachelor died the other day at Atchison, Kan. He was originally a brewer, but embarked in the grain business long before Atchison had an elevator. He had a large warehouse and lived in his office. Among his assets were three thousand bushels of wheat which he had in his warehouse five years, refusing to sell because the price never reached his mark of value. The care of this wheat was his fond occupation, and he constantly turned it with a wooden shovel until the kernels have become as glossy as the surface of a china nest egg.

CURED BY WHIPPING.

Radical and Effectual Indian Remedy for Fever and Ague.

After a week or ten days the fever with which I had been afflicted abated somewhat, says a writer in Forest and Stream, and Peter, taking my double-barreled rifle by way of armament and half a dozen hard biscuit by way of grub, gave notice of two days' absence, and, buckling his blanket about him, went off up the trail.

Late in the evening of the second day, while I was lying on the bearskin with swimming brain and fevered brow, he came back, but not alone. Two strong, athletic squaws, each totting a large pack, were his companions. He introduced them as "Old Blackbird squaw and her gal; poopy young squaw—great medicine."

The elder of the two was about as tough, leathery-looking a specimen of aboriginal ugliness, as I have ever fallen in with, and making due allowance for difference in age the daughter was the perfect model of her. They both cast their loads unceremoniously aside, and the elder proceeded at once to business. Watching me closely as she did so, she rolled a large handful of aves in her hand until they were partially pulverized, then passed them over to the younger squaw, who soon made a pint of very bitter tea from them which I was told to drink. I managed to gulp it down, hot and bitter as it was, and the old squaw then seized me without ceremony, packed me snugly in bearskin and blankets, after which she and her daughter, wrapping their own blankets about them, lay down on either side of me, crowding me in a manner more close than pleasant.

My leathery belles answered to help get up a copious perspiration, which was just what they intended; and when I awoke from the first sound, refreshing sleep I had enjoyed for weeks it was with a cool, clear head and limbs free from pain.

With the rise of the sun the confoundedague began to threaten me; and Mrs. Blackbird, with the help of her interesting daughter, proceeded to take measures for expelling it in a manner quite as novel and original as her treatment of fever. First, she undid a bundle of dirty blue cloth, and took therefrom several bundles of neatly bound, minute vigs. I had heard some hard stories of "whipping out the ague," and smelled a pretty extensive mice immediately; but, on the whole, concluded to go through, so I suffered them to divest me of my clothing and seize me firmly by the wrists; and I made no objection when Mrs. Blackbird began to apply the switches gently to the bare skin.

Gradually the blows increased in rapidity and severity; old Peter, who had stood by as spectator at first, stepped forward and seized a wrist firmly in each hand so suddenly that I had no time to object, and the whipping immediately became energetic and general. Each of the squaws, with a switch in each hand, vied with the other in rapidity of hitting; and as the sluggish, torpid blood strove to dash with answering speed through the tingling veins the pain became unendurable. I had resolved to bear all that was asked of me in hopes of a radical cure, but the torture was too severe; and I ordered them to desist, trying at the same time to wrench myself loose from Peter. They only laughed, and laid on the harder.

I became mad with pain, and I went in on my muscle, biting and butting furiously at old Peter, and giving the leathery females ungallant kicks about the ribs and abdomen—a proceeding that made them laugh all the more, and brought down the switches with increased vigor. I trentated and cursed by turns, tried bribery and flattery, begged for a resting spell, and threatened death to the party of conspirators immediately I got loose, but all in vain. They flogged me for a time that seemed an age, and only let me off when I was too exhausted to stand alone. Then I was again enveloped in skins and blankets, when, strange as it may seem, I almost immediately fell into a deep slumber, from which I did not awake until evening. When I did awake it was with a general sense of soreness all over the outer man, but where was the ague? Gone. Completely cured, as well as the fever.

TRUCKEE MARKET!

MISCELLANEOUS.

California

A Pioneer's Experience With Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I am a pioneer in this country, having been here 30 years. Four years ago my little son Elmer became blood-poisoned by impure virus in vaccination. His arm swelled terribly, causing great agony; physicians said the arm must be amputated, and even then his recovery would be doubtful. One day I read about a blood purifier, new to me, and was surprised to learn that it was prepared by C. L. Hood, with whom I used to go to school in Chelsea, Vt. I decided to have my boy try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was much gratified when it seemed to help him. He continued to grow better as we gave him the Sarsaparilla, and having used 8 bottles is now entirely cured. As Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished such wonderful results, I recommend it to all I possibly can." JEROME M. SLEEPER, Upper Lake, Lake Co., Cal.

The City Treasurer

Of Lowell, Mass., says: "The above is from my brother, whose signature I recognize. I have no objection to the extraction of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and say that C. L. Hood & Co. are considered one of the most reliable firms in New England." VAN B. SLAERER, City Treasurer, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cures the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, its many excellent qualities commend it to all. It is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

NEW YORK, N. Y.



Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

For Sale in all drugstores

HEADACHE!

OF ANY KIND OR FROM ANY CAUSE CURED! IN FROM 3 TO 30 MINUTES WITH CERTAINITY AND SAFETY! TO NUMBER OF HOW LONG STANDING, BY USING REV. J. W. PENDLETON'S CELEBRATED CEPHALINE!

TRY IT.

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEV.

C. NOVACOVICH.

BERRY & NOVACOVICH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Groceries, Etc.—Provisions,

FINE TEAS AND COFFEES,

Vegetables, Fish and Oysters

In season.

FRUITS OF ALL KINDS,

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Crockery.

We carry a fine assortment of FANCY GROCERIES.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

ARCADE SALOON.

H. E. DAVIS & CO., PROPRIETORS.

FRESH BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, VEAL,

and sausages constantly on hand.

HAM, BACON and SMOKED BEEF a Specialty.

Goods delivered free to all parts of the city.

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T. J. GARDNER,

CARRIAGE and SIGN PAINTER.

OVER HYMER'S STABLE.

Corner of Second and Sierra Street, Reno

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THE FIRST LINE OF

Childs' English Diamond Brand,

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask for Childs' English Diamond Brand in Hand and Cold Remedies.

Take no other.

Particulars, testimonials and "Helpful

for Less" in letter, by return Mail.

Childs' Chemical Co., Madison Square, N. Y.

Send all Local Druggists.

Childs' Chemical Co., Madison Square, N. Y.

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Keno Evening Gazette

Monday..... March 16, 1891

TIME TABLES.

The following tables give the time of arrival and departure of passenger trains at Reno

ARRIVE.	TRAIN	C. P.	LEAVE.
10:10 p. m.	No. 1, Eastbound Ex.	10:20 p. m.	
9:10 p. m.	No. 2, S. F. Express.	9:20 p. m.	
4:25 p. m.	No. 3, Westbound Ex.	4:35 p. m.	
11:40 p. m.	No. 4, Westbound Ex.	11:50 p. m.	

V. & T.

1, Virginia Ex.	1:30 a. m.
No. 2, S. F. Express.	1:45 p. m.
Local Passengers.	11:45 p. m.
Express and Freight.	9:45 a. m.

3:40 p. m. Express and Freight.

Time of Arrival and Departure of Mail at Reno.

MAIL FOR	CLOSES.	ARRIVES
A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	
San Francisco and Sacramento through	4:00	10:10
San Francisco, Sacramento and intermediate points.	8:00	9:10
Ogden, Salt Lake, Ogallala, V. & T. and all southern points.	8:30	11:20
Susanville and all points north.	8:30	9:05
Buffalo, Cheyenne, and head every Monday.	12:00	11:30
(Arrive every Saturday.)	12:00	11:30

NOTTINGS.

"I just fell down" is the latest slang expressing unutterable admiration of any person or thing. That's what the boarders say at the Riverside Hotel.

During the winter the hen may be dilatory, but she generally comes to the scratch when the garden is planted. Go to the Arcada for a choice steak or chop.

"Waiter, here I have been waiting an hour for this chop." The waiter good-naturedly: "Aha! here quickly time flies, and it's?" The magazines and pictorialists are at C. A. Thurston's.

Citizen.—Mr. Greatman, I heard a curious debate the other evening. The subject was, "Can a politician be a Christian?" What is your opinion, Mr. Greatman (local statesman)—He kin, but he'll get tickled. Lunch and beer at Jake Becker's.

Is Disease a Punishment for Sin? The following advertisement, published for a prominent western patent medicine house, would indicate that they regard disease as a punishment for sin:

"Do you wish to know the quickest way to cure a severe cold? We will tell you. To cure a cold quickly, it must be treated before the cold has become settled in the system. What are we to do if you choose to, as in the case of her kindness to man, gives timely warning and plainly tells in nature's way, that as a punishment for some indiscretion, you are to be afflicted with a cold unless you choose to ward it off by prompt action. The first symptom of a cold, in most cases, is a dry, loud cough and sneezing. The cough is soon followed by a profuse watery expectoration and the sneezing by profuse watery discharge of the nose. In severe cases there is a white coating on the tongue. What to do? It is only necessary to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in double doses every hour. That will greatly lessen the severity of the cold and in most cases will effectually counteract it, and cure when would have been a severe cold within one or two days time. Try it and be convinced. 50 cent bottles for sale by J. B. McCullough, druggist.

The Pulpit and the Stage.

Rev. F. M. Strode, pastor United Brethren Church, Emporia, Kansas, says: "I fell it duty to tell what wonders Dr. King's New Discovery has done for me. My lungs were badly diseased and my parishioners thought I could live only a few weeks. I took five bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery and in a short time, well, gaining 26 pounds weight."

Arthur Love, Manager Love's Funny Folks Combination writes: "After a thorough trial of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, I can say it beats all, and cures when everything else fails. The greatest kindness I can do my master is to let him use it to try to cure his trial bottles at W. Pinninger's drug store. Regular sizes 50c and \$1.

Quick Work.

From the Des Moines Mail and Times.

A few days ago while sitting in Elder Bros' drug store at Tingley, Iowa, Mr. T. L. Dyer, a well known citizen, came in and asked for something for a severe cold which he had. Mr. Elder took down a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and said: "Here is something I can recommend. It contains a large amount and gives genuine satisfaction." An audience, however, and a cold and a cough.

Mr. Dyer purchased a bottle, and the next day when we saw him he said he was much better, and the day following appeared to be entirely restored. This is a specimen of the effectiveness of this preparation. For sale by J. B. McCullough, druggist.

Epoch.

The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is prided in Dr. King's New Discovery. It not only cures their restoration to health to the use of the Great Alternative and Tonic. If you are liable to such a disease, then you will be relieved by the use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c and \$1 per bottle at W. Pinninger's drug store.

Spring Medicine.

Dr. Gunn's Immured Life Pills on account of their mild action are especially adapted for corrosive Spring disorders, such as impure blood, tired brain and aching and worn out body. They act promptly on the Liver and Kidneys, give out the poisons, cleanse the blood, and remove malaria from the system. Only one pill to a dose. Try them this Spring. Sold at 25 cents a box by S. J. Hodgkinson.

The "Life of the 5-2-1" is the blood thinner, pure blood means healthy functional activity, and this bears with it the certainty of quick restoration from weakness or exhaustion. Dr. J. H. W. N. 5 cents a box. Colonial Blood Purifier gives pure rich blood, and vitalizes and strengthens the rich blood, \$1.00 per bottle.

A sure Cure for Piles.

Itching Piles are known by moisture, like perspiration causing intense itching when warm. This form, as well as blind, blized and protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bonham's Piles. It cures all diseases of the piles, affects, absorbs tumors, allays itching and effects a permanent cure. Druggists or mail; treatise free. Dr. Bonham, Piqua, O. Sold by S. J. Hodgkinson.

Brain Workers.

Can ill afford to be without Cephaline, the surest, safest and pleasantest of all headache remedies. Your druggist keeps it.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children's fevers, as it cures the child in the same allays all pains, curst, wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A GOOD BILL.

The Legislature Inviting Railroad Competition.

The following is the full text of the bill introduced by Senator Comins to encourage the construction of a railroad in the State of Nevada from Pioche to Reno that passed the Senate Saturday by a vote of 13 to 6:

SECTION 1. Whenever, after the passage of this Act, the Utah and Nevada Air Line Railway Company, a corporation heretofore organized and now existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Nevada, shall have constructed a first-class railroad of standard gauge through the counties of White Pine, Eureka, Lander, Churchill and Washoe, or either of them, it shall be entitled to receive the bonds of said counties, or either of them, at th time and in the manner hereinafter provided to the amount of three thousand dollars per mile for each and every mile of the main track of said railroad completed in said county; provided, that said railroad shall be completed and in full operation within five years from the date of the approval of this Act, and no bond shall be issued under its provisions after that time.

SECTION 2. Immediately upon the receipt by the Board of County Commissioners of either of said counties of a sworn certificate of the County Surveyor of such county, or of such a certificate of the Surveyor-General of the State of Nevada, setting forth that twenty miles of such railroad as herein mentioned, have been built and completed by said company and in proper condition to receive the rolling stock, and that said section of twenty miles is a part of a continuous line of railway then in course of construction as hereinbefore specified, it shall be the duty of said Board of County Commissioners of such county, and they are hereby directed immediately to take such action as may be necessary to prepare, to issue and to deliver sixty thousand dollars of the bonds of said county provided for in this Act to said railroad company; and thereafter as soon as each successive twenty miles of railroad shall have been completed and ready to receive the rolling stock in such county, and the same shall be shown by the certificate aforesaid, the said Board shall issue and deliver to said railroad company the bonds of said county, at the rate of sixty thousand dollars in bonds for each section of twenty miles thus completed in said county, and in case the last section necessary to complete the whole length of the road in said county shall not amount to twenty miles, then for such fractional section of twenty miles such bonds shall be issued at the rate of three thousand dollars per mile; provided, that no bonds shall be issued under the provisions of this Act after the lapse of five years from the date of its approval, and no portion of said railroad not then completed shall receive any bonds from said counties, or either of them, in aid of its construction.

SECTION 3. Said bonds shall bear interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and they shall be for an amount not less than five hundred (\$500) dollars nor more than one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, respectively. They shall be lithographed or engraved, with the necessary interest coupons attached to each, shall express upon their face that they are payable in gold coin of the United States, subject to the provisions and conditions contained in this Act. Both bonds and coupons shall be payable to bearer, and the interest thereon shall be payable semi-annually, on each first day of January and each first day of July subsequent to the issuance of such bonds, and upon the first day of each January and July thereafter, until all interest payable upon the same shall have been extinguished. Both the interest and principal of said bonds shall only be paid by the Treasurer of the county from which they may have been issued at the time and in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

SECTION 4. In each of the counties from which bonds may be issued under and by virtue of this Act, there shall be annually applied from the revenue of such county to the payment of the interest and the principal of said bonds which shall have been issued from said county, a sum of money equal in amount to the sum which shall be collected by said county from said Utah and Nevada Air Line Railway Company, from the taxes levied upon the entire property of said company in said county, less the amount of taxes which may have been levied on and collected therefrom for State and school purposes, and the amount so applicable to the payment of the interest and the redemption of the principal of said bonds, shall be placed in a separate fund to be called the "Railroad Interest and Sinking Fund," which shall be applied: first, to the payment of the interest as herein directed, and, second, to the redemption of the principal of said bonds as provided in this Act, it being the true intent and meaning of this section of this act that the interest and principal of all the bonds issued under the provisions of this Act shall be paid out of the revenue derived from the respective counties from which the taxes upon the property of said railroad company, less the amount realized by said counties from the taxes levied for State and school purposes.

SECTION 5. Said bonds shall be payable in twenty-five years, and both the interest and principal shall be paid only as provided in this Act.

SECTION 6. The bonds to be issued under the provisions of this Act shall be delivered to said railroad company by the Board of County Commissioners of the respective counties named. They shall be signed by the Chairman and the Clerk of the Board and shall bear the seal of such Board. The interest bearing coupons belonging and attached to each of said bonds shall bear the engraved or lithographed signature of the Clerk of said Board of Commissioners.

SECTION 7. In case any of the territory through which said railroad may be built shall hereafter be detached from the county within which it is now embraced, and such territory added to some other county, the provisions of this Act respecting the issuance of said bonds and their mode of payment shall apply to such county and the officers thereof the same as though such county was originally included within the provisions hereof.

SECTION 8. The faith of the State of Nevada is hereby pledged that this Act shall never be repealed nor so modified as in way to impair the security of those who shall hold or

purchase any of the bonds in this Act provided, nor during the construction of said railroad after it has been in good faith commenced.

SECTION 9. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

RAILROAD RUMORS.

The Proposed New Railroad Across Nevada.

A writer in the Salt Lake Tribune says concerning it as follows: With reference to the reported purchase of the twenty-mile narrow-gauge California & Nevada Railway at San Francisco by General Williamson, president of the Atlantic & Pacific, and the intention that it is intended to extend it via Pioche and Grand Junction to a connection with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, this city has a great interest in such a road, but not in Pioche. Ten years ago the construction of a railway from the coast through California, Nevada and Utah, as an outlet for the then unfinished Atlantic & Pacific and Texas Pacific, was talked of and arranged for. What was called the California Central was organized. Mr. Lyman Bridge was one of the chief promoters and was chief engineer. His road was to have one-fourth the Atlantic & Pacific, the Texas Pacific and the Union Pacific, were to each take one-fourth, and the thing was supposed to be settled. For a time in 1881, it was believed in Utah that this scheme was to be carried out. But Gould sold out of the U. P. at about 130, and the project died without a struggle.

No doubt a road will be built through on the direct line indicated, sometime, swerving northeast to this city, however, instead of southward to Iron county, as was then proposed. The roads in the Sierras are not low up toward the Oregon line. They steadily become higher in going south, and more rocky and difficult until well southward toward the Mojave, where the range breaks up and becomes a good deal scattered. In that region can be found a low and almost snowless pass. Mono Pass, "old Bloody Gulch" is described as "simply tremendous," and Sonora Pass, the next north, as a very high pass. Beckwith is a good pass, seventy-five miles north of the Central Pacific. Between Beckwith and Mojave there is no pass that does not involve heavy work and deep snow. But it will save a long detour. What we want is a road on the direct route. But if it should be decided (in effect) to be impracticable in our day, then a line either via Beckwith or via Mojave will answer our purpose, if they, or either of them, after passing the Sierras, get into the heart of Nevada as low as the 40 parallel. A line via Mojave could be kept all the way in the trough of rich valleys, with good mines in the parallel ranges of mountains, and in many places small creeks and big springs along the edges of the valleys. It would pass just east of Death Valley and through Pah Rimp valley, a region of mines and rich soil, and having a semi-tropical climate. Artesian water may be found at moderate depth in that region. It would reach the great divide that crosses Nevada about the center of the State, and follow that to this city, throwing off a connecting link, if desirable, to the Santa Fe at Prescott from Crystal Springs or Silver Peak.

BREVITIES.

Local and General Intelligence.

Quite a number of carloads of potatoes are being shipped from Mason Valley to California.

Six carloads of beef cattle were shipped from here this morning to Poley, Heilbron & Co. of San Francisco.

Sheep shearing was begun in Mason Valley last week. Probably 20,000 head will be sheared in that valley this season.

Thomas Parker, aged 84, a pioneer of the Comstock, and for fifteen years a resident of Inyo county, died at Independence, Cal., Friday.

Frank Dresser of Club No. 1 and L. H. Brasler of Club No. 2 drew their watches last Saturday evening in Hyman Frederick's watch club drawing.

Hyman Frederick's Watch Club No. 3 is almost completed. Those desiring to join should not delay application, as there remain but a few more vacancies in Club No. 3 now forming.

He strides along with a reckless air, no minds the mud that mars men's suits; for his knee-deep slush he does not care—he wears a pair of rubber boots that he got at John Sunderland's.

Spring is coming and an exchange says: The tramps travel tireless through the town, telling their tales of trouble to the truly tender-hearted tender-foot. Tolerate not those toughs, take them to the tramp tavern to be tended.

At Virginia City on Saturday, says an exchange, about 2,000 men, women and children stood ankle-deep in the cold mud on C street for three hours, courting a gripe and pneumonia, just to see a tight-rope walker perform a few tricks.

The Lyon County Times notes the advent of spring as follows: The buds on the peach trees hereabouts are swelling and the green grass has made its appearance, which indicates that spring is here. Whether or not we may have cold weather remains to be seen. If it come two or three weeks from now it will be good-bye to the tight-rope walker.

EARLY TIMES IN CARSON.

The People On the Stage of Life Twenty-seven Years Ago.

From a copy of the Carson Daily Independent of the date of May 24, 1864, the Gazette calls the following items, which in a measure recalls the palmy days of liberal prices, and will revive memories of the sweet long ago. The Independent was published in Carson City by the late Israel Crawford, whose name appears as one of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention on the regular Union ticket from Ormsby county, together with A. J. Lockwood, J. Neely Johnson, J. H. Kinkead and George L. Gibson.

In the editorial comments the editor says of the war news: Both Grant and Lee are playing for a grand stake.

E. P. Hardisty and wife of Wells, arrived from San Francisco yesterday.

United States District Judge Thos. P. Hawley passed through to Carson from San Francisco yesterday.

Mrs. Agler, wife of the Division Superintendent, passed Reno on her way to Wadsworth this morning.

D. L. Bliss and W. D. Tobey, the Carson capitalists and lumber dealers, passed through to San Francisco last night.

W. D. C. Gibson, Superintendent of the Stewart Institute, returned to Carson this morning having passed Sunday in Reno.

Mrs. J. B. Gallagher of Butte, Montana, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Wine, arrived here this morning on a visit to her parents.

FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK.

All classes of legitimate advertisements, not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column for fifty cents per week.

Stallion For Sale.
THE FINE NORMAN PERCHERON Stallion, "George Washington" weight 1,800 pounds' age, 7 years, color, jet black, and perfect. Gentle, nice horse, for full particulars and pedigree, address R. P. M. Greeley, 1638 14th St., Calmar, Ia.

Shade Trees For Sale.
BLACK-LEAFED ELM AND CATALPA shade trees for sale at \$1 per dozen. Leave orders at C. J. Brookin's store, 16th and Main. B. F. LERTE.

Situation Wanted.
BY A SWEDISH GIRL TO DO GENERAL house work. Inquire at the cigar store of A. NELSON.

Girl Wanted.
A GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL CAN find a situation at the Phoenix Hotel. JAMES W. KILLEEN Proprietor.

Dancing School.
MR. RIGELBIRTH'S CHILDREN'S and ladies dancing class will meet every Saturday afternoon. Instructions also given on the violin.

A Store for Sale.
AS I AM DESIROUS OF LEAVING Reno, I offer my store for sale at a bargain for cash. Apply at this office. F. COFFEE.

Piano For Sale or Rent.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS INQUIRE OF W. L. NEEDHAM.

Room To Let.
NOTICEABLE FOR HOUSEKEEPING, AND also single. Apply to R. W. PARRY.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.
FRED PAVOLA WILL COMMENCE TOMORROW, Jan. 27th, to sell his entire stock of boots and shoes at cost, consisting of men's boots and ladies' and children's shoes. Jan. 27th.

Assaying.
HAVING FITTED UP AN OFFICE AT my home, 7th and Center streets, I am now prepared to do all kinds of assaying at reasonable rates for good work. Samples left there or at Hodgeson's drug store will receive immediate attention. R. D. JOY.

Choice Residence Property.
HAVING COMPLETED A COURSE IN the science of Assaying, I am prepared to do all kinds of assaying in the same. The electric system is the only system that can be learned in four to six months. Terms reasonable. For further particulars, address P. O. box 337, Reno, Nev. H. E. JOY.

For Sale.
A FINE FAMILY CARRIAGE HORSE, a phaeton and harness for sale very cheap. Apply at this office at once. Sept. 18th.

Shorthand Instruction.
HAVING COMPLETED A COURSE IN shorthand, am prepared to do all kinds of assaying in the same. The electric system is the only system that can be learned in four to six months. Terms reasonable. For further particulars, address P. O. box 337, Reno, Nev. H. E. JOY.

Brockin's Steam Candy Factory.
THE FIRST CANDY FACTORY IN Reno. Fresh candy every hour. Call and get prices of small quantities or by the barrel. Wholesale prices same as San Francisco. Jan. 14th. C. J. BROOKINS.

Little's Chemical Fluid

NON-POISONOUS

SHEEP DIP

ONE GALLON, MIXED WITH SIXTY gallons of cold water, will dip thoroughly 80 sheep, at a cost of one cent each. Easily applied; a nourisher of wool; a certain cure for SCAB; also

Little's Patent Powder Dip,
(POISONOUS)

Mixes instantly with water. Prevents the fly from striking. In a two-pound package there is sufficient to dip 20 sheep, and in a seven-pound package there is sufficient to dip 100 sheep.

CATTON, BELL & CO.,
Successors to Faulkner, Bell & Co., No. 406 California St., Wood Agency Warehouse, 20th and Townsend streets, San Francisco, Cal.

THE BANK OF NEVADA,
RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Stock, Fully Subscribed, \$300,000

Buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New York, London and the principal Eastern and European Cities.

Officers:

M. D. OLFENBACH, President
M. E. WARD, Vice President
R. S. OSBURN, Cashier

Board of Directors:

Daniel Meyer, M. D. Foley, George Russell
M. E. Ward, J. N. Evans, C. C. Powning,
L. A. Abraham.

Will transact a General Banking Business.

Mining and other Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.

Agents for several First-class Insurance Companies.

Address, 1638 14th St., Reno, Nev.

Reno Livery Stable,

JOHN POTHOFF, Prop'r

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

Livery and Feed Stable.

First-class turnouts at reasonable prices.

Transient Stock Carefully Provided for.

see

TRUCKEE

Livery and Feed Stable

RENO, NEVADA.

T. K. HYMERS..... Proprietor

FIRST-CLASS TURNOUTS AND FINEST Saddle Horses. Careful attention given to all stock. Boarders carefully looked after.

—THE—

WASHOE NURSERIES,

RENO, NEVADA.

Fruit and Shade Trees

Of all varieties suitable for this region, besides Plants and Shrubs.

Bushes, vines and flowers now ready for transplanting, and in vigorous and healthy condition.

Orders sent in early will receive prompt attention.

margin Mrs. R. P. M. KELLY.

MISCELLANEOUS. NO. 3



WHENCE FISHES' COLORS COME
Why They Are the Most Decorative of Animals in This World.

"There are lots of funny things to be told about fish scales," said a naturalist the other day to a writer for the Washington Star. "The surface of the scales ordinarily is covered with a thin, silver coating, which derives its brilliant metallic luster from the presence of many crystals composed of lime and a substance known as 'guanine.' This coating is easily rubbed off, and in one sort of European carp, called the 'bleak,' the crystals are so numerous that metallic pigment is derived from them, known in the arts as 'argentine,' which is used to impart luster to the glass globules sold under the name of 'Roman pearls.' When the silver coating is absent the scales of a fish are lusterless and transparent, as in the case of the smelt, the abdominal cavity of which, however, has a brilliant, silvery lining composed of the same substance.

"Every one knows from observation that the fishes of the world are the most gorgeous of animals in point of coloring. The colors they exhibit are often due to a simple arrangement of pigment cells, but the brilliant and changeable hues, which constitute the greatest beauty of these creatures, are derived from two causes very wide apart. An illustration of one of these may be observed in the scales of the herring, sardine or mackerel, being a true iridescent color, similar to that seen in the pearl, and due to the refraction of the rays of light as they glance off the surfaces of the thin plates of which the scales are composed. More frequently, however, the coloration is dependent on the arrangement of the pigment cells that are in the lower layers of the outer skin of the fish.

IRRIGATING is a great success in Valencia, Spain. Large districts under this system of watering support an average of nearly three persons to the acre.

A PRE-HISTORIC smelting furnace has been discovered in New Mexico. Near by a bar of pure silver was found. The furnace had been filled with ore and never fired.

QUEEN VICTORIA having presented the mess of her Prussian regiment (First Dragon Guards) with a portrait of herself, the officers have sent her a large and handsome colored photograph of the regiment in parade order. Colonel Victoria is understood to be proud of her command.

DOMESTIC BREVIETIES.

"SMOTHERED CHICKEN" is another name for pot pie.

CORNED and smoked mutton are delicacies in Scotland, and corned mutton is there regarded as the equal of corned beef.

THE eating-table should be set in a light, airy room, moderately heated, while the mental atmosphere should be one of quiet and happy relaxation.

TO MAKE fly paper mix together, by stirring, equal parts of castor oil and melted resin, and while yet slightly warm spread evenly on sized paper, such as foolscap, etc.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Scientific American points out that kerosene has the power of attracting and destroying spiders. A cup placed under the tap of a kerosene reservoir to collect the drops was found to draw the insects by its odor and quickly destroy them.

Some of the giant fishes in the Visalia district of California, which the Government is to put under the protection of a cavalry force, are named after and in honor of notable personages. One of the most gigantic of them all bears the name of a New Yorker.

THE Massachusetts Ploughman records an "obvious fact" that there is not only no scarcity of wood in New England, but that extensive tracts once in tillage are growing up to trees, while the demand for wood for fuel is much less than it was thirty or forty years ago.

"IN fish, as in other animals, albinos occur. Very curious are the albino haddock occasionally taken on our coasts. The same phenomenon is also observed in flounders, carp and eels. In the depths of the sea, where light is scanty, many fishes appear to remain permanently albinos.

"Fishes very commonly change their colors to harmonize with the bottoms on which they live, for the sake of concealment. This is accomplished by the special secretion of the proper pigments. On certain ledges along the New England shore the rocks are covered with dense growths of scarlet and crimson seaweed, and the fishes which frequent their neighborhood become tinted accordingly. It has been suggested, by the way, that the pink of the salmon's flesh is due to the absorption of the coloring matter of the crustaceans they feed upon. Probably the brilliant coloration of many kinds of fishes is designed by nature to attract the opposite sex, as the beauty of a peacock's tail is intended for the same purpose. Fear or other emotions will often change the colors of fishes rapidly.

"IT is in tropical seas that the most brilliantly colored and beautiful fishes of the world are to be found. Warmth and light are favorable to brilliancy and variety of hues always. The fishes of the polar regions and those living at considerable depth are usually somber, and when you get down to the dark abysses of the ocean they are all black."

"UMARRIED and Free.

There was one maiden lady who resided in Ulster County who was not annoyed by the term "old maid." She rather gloried in it, according to a writer in the Kingston Freeman. Often in conversation regarding the benefits and evils in matrimony, she was heard to say: "It is risky at all events. I am free and comfortable, and intend to remain so." As she was comely, she had admirers who had offered to her their hands, hearts and fortunes, so she remained an old maid from inclination and not as some malicious women were heard to say "because she couldn't help herself." She was true to her principles to the last. When on her bed, during her last sickness, she sent for a dealer in marble and gave him directions regarding the tombstone to be placed over her grave. Her orders were implicit, and after her death they were carried out conscientiously; and the tombstone that now marks the last resting place of the old maid in a cemetery not many miles from this city overlooking a beautiful country village, contains after the name, date of birth and death, the following terse but most emphatic inscription:

Unmarried and Free!

W. S. SHOEMAKER & CO.,
108 Stevenson St., San Francisco, Cal.
For sale by W. PININGER, druggist.
San Francisco.

W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, - Manager

THE GRAND CENTRAL.

THIS WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR

hotel is three stories in height and contains 100 rooms, all well lighted and furnished in modern style. The dining room is a home for the traveler, where he can get the very best the market affords, and the room is open to none in the State. Try the Grand Central once and you won't stop anywhere else.

DR. T. WAH HING,

English and Chinese Physician and Surgeon

CLARKE & JONES,

Attorneys-at-Law.

BAKER & WINES,

Attorneys-at-Law.

DR. T. WAH HING,

English and Chinese Physician and Surgeon

TESTIMONIALS:

have examined the advance sheet of "Our Family Physician" and

gives me pleasure to recommend

the work as correct in its mode of

treatment of disease, and it deserves wide circulation.

DR. T. WAH HING,

Professor in Burnett's Medical College, Chicago.

After examining the publication

"Our Family Physician" I can

fully endorse the opinions ex-

plained in its merits, and the above

name of the author, R. GUNN, M. D.

Professor of the Burnett Medical College.

The book contains a valuable

chapter on symptoms, which will

aid considerably in the diagnosis of

diseases, and the proper remedies are

given for Allopathic, Homeopathic,

Eclectic, Hydropathic and

Herbal treatments.

We have a number of the books

on hand, and we invite inspection.

There are three chapters in the

"Family Physician" which are

worthy of special mention, name-

ly those on Diseases of Women,

"Diseases of Infants" and "Care of

the Sick."

The first of these is a model of

its kind, and it is a pleasure to

contain no disgusting, gory pictures

for children to happen on and be over-

curious about, and the most pleasant, sensible and

straight-forward treatise upon

this delicate subject that has ever

been printed.

This book alone is worth

many times the cost of the book

to every mother, even if it had to

be purchased at its regular price.

The book is equally well written and valuable.

See "Our Plan" on 4th page.

It is customary with newspapers

to give premiums to new subscribers

only; but the publishers of the

WEEKLY GAZETTE & STOCKMAN

are so anxious to have us

well as to give their old subscribers

—those who have stood by the